

Lifetime Furniture

MAYER'S

409 to 417 Seventh St. N. W.

Phone M 2826

January Clearance SaleMahogany
Frame Serving
Tray, Brass
Handles.

79c

USEFUL Serving Trays, polished or dull finish, mahogany frames, glass-covered etonette with felt on under side to prevent scratching table. Satin-finished brass handles. Very useful, 13 1/2 x 19 1/2 inches, and at a special sale price.

Golden Oak

Dresser.

\$10.75

DRESSER made of solid golden oak, with large, roomy drawers, wood pulls. Large mirror of heavy plate, with strong, neatly shaped standard. Special January value.

Golden Oak

Chiffonier.

\$10.75

WELL Designed Chiffonier; matches above dresser exactly; solid golden oak, nicely polished; has roomy drawers, large mirror and wood drawers pulls; fitted with cabinet locks.

2-inch Post Enamel

Bed.

\$4.98

WHITE Enamel Bed with glistening white enamel, two-inch posts, strong fillers; well designed and strong.

Get Your Share of These Groceries Reduced So Low in Price at Consumers' Stores

Fresh Creamery Butter	'Bull Frog' Self-Rising Flour	Fine Gran. Sugar
1-lb. Prints	2-lb. Pkg.	Lb., 6c
33c	10c	

Choice White Potatoes, Good, Select Size—White and Mealy. **Pk., 30c**

Pure Lard	Patapasco FLOUR	Large, Meaty California Prunes	New California Evaporated PEACHES
5-lb. Sack.	6-lb. Sack.	12-lb. Sack.	Extra Fine.
12 1/2c	25c	10c	9c

"Consumer's Delight" Banquet Brand Coffee, lb., 21c Coffee, lb., 27c

These famous coffees are superior to any brands sold elsewhere at 5c to 10c more a lb. They are roasted just right and must give satisfaction.

California Asparagus	California Asparagus TIPS	Sliced California Peaches	Standard Tomatoes
Large 25c Can for 19c	Very Tender, No. 1, No. 2.	Tall Can 11c	Good Quality, Can 10c

CANNED TOMATOES	BEARDSLEY'S SHREDDED CODFISH	DOMESTIC SARDINES
Extra Quality Can 12 1/2c	Pkg. 8 1/2c	Packed in Oil or Mustard 3 Cans. 10c

League of Consumers' Friends

PATRONIZE THE STORE NEAREST YOU

SOUTHWEST.

H. E. W. Schmidt, 8th and D sts.

H. T. Gover, 7th and C sts.

A. G. Schmidt, 4th and F sts.

NORTHWEST.

N. F. Turner, 3426 14th st.

Columbia Tea and Coffee Co., 1208 N. Capitol st.

C. Remmeling, 312 Penna. ave.

A. H. Pitt, 6th and G sts.

SOUTHEAST.

Brinkley Bros., 108 M st.

Brinkley Bros., 923 4th st.

Brinkley Bros., 1101 3d st.

NORTHEAST.

Luther F. Hall, 12th and H sts.

J. Kraus & Son, 910 12th st.

J. E. Diggle, 642 H st.

Free Delivery to Every Section of the City

WANTS PRESIDENT

(Continued from First Page.)

politics if the Commissioners were given control?

"Come, let's be fair about this—who do you expect will make those requests?" asked Representative Ragdale.

For a moment or two Mr. Fenning and Representative Ragdale fenced with words—then Chairman Lloyd came to the support of the present system as opposed to the old form of school administration.

"Under the laws existing prior to 1900 it was a common thing for the members of the House to make requests for appointments of teachers," said Chairman Lloyd.

"When the District Commissioners had the power in the schools I know of instances where members of Congress made requests for appointments of teachers, when those requests were denied because they were opposed to the law."

"Now if the Commissioners believe they are better qualified to make such requests, why would you not?"

"Oh, yes. But they say there is no law. They are not, and that is an imaginary one."

"The Commissioners are not expert on motives, and it is not their business to make requests for appointments of teachers, for they have put forward a proposition contrary to the experience of the whole United States in regard to educational matters."

"If they brought forth a plan the people of the District would accept it," asked Representative Lloyd.

"If they could support it with sound reason."

Opponents Questioned Closely.

Representatives Focht of Pennsylvania and Vinson of Georgia pressed both Randall Mackey and Julius Peyer closely with questions, when they appeared to argue against the present methods of appointing members of the board of education.

Representative Focht, with a series of rapid questions as to Mr. Peyer's knowledge of the situation in Pennsylvania, where the representative said the most advanced system of education was to be found, kept Mr. Peyer on the defensive. He preferred to give his opinion of Gov. Brumbaugh as an educator or politician. Mr. Peyer admitted he was not familiar with the Pennsylvania system or with the qualifications of Gov. Brumbaugh as a politician or as an educator.

"From your observation would you say that Commissioners of the District, as a rule, reside here longer than members of the court?" asked Representative Mackey.

"Well, I would not like to say that," said Mr. Peyer. "I only said that might happen."

"Then your argument as to the appointment of a judge in May and his subsequent resignation of the members of the board the following October is not a very sound one, is it?" queried Mr. Mackey.

Mr. Mackey advocated the "divorce of the federal judges from politics." "We are not going to have federal judges on the bench that the people of the District would not have confidence in," he said.

"How will the situation be made any better by giving the power of appointment to the Commissioners?" Mr. Mackey protested against the adding of this duty to others already having to be performed by the judges.

"How much time do you think these appointments occupy?" queried Mr. Vinson.

Dismissed Employees' Case.

Mr. Mackey did not know just how much, but one of the committee members suggested that it probably depended upon the persistence of politicians in Washington. This brought forth another laugh.

The case of a school employee who was dismissed and who is now fighting for reinstatement, in the meantime being employed as a doorman for the judges, was brought up by Mr. Mackey on the ground that this man, who said the man was employed by one of the judges, that this would have any weight with the judges in the appointment of members of the board? Mr. Mackey was asked.

"Do you think this man, because he is employed now by one of the judges, that this would have any weight with the judges in the appointment of members of the board?" Mr. Mackey was asked.

"Upon a question by Mr. Focht Mr. Mackey admitted his lack of knowledge on the school system of Pennsylvania, or, as suggested by Mr. Focht, of its excellence. He was certain, however, of the merits of the federal code, which divorces politics from the federal courts."

Other Members Are Heard.

Dr. Richard Kingsman and W. H. Klopfer, the other two members of the Board of Trade committee, made brief statements opposing the proposed change. W. J. Wallis, representing the High School Teachers' Association, presented a statement, with charts, to show that the Commissioners' plans were not in accordance with the educational policies of the other cities of the country.

Statements from citizens' associations were placed in the record at this point, but Chairman Lloyd made the positive declaration that any attempt to get the resolutions from the Citizens' Association before the board would meet with failure. This is the resolution brought to the platform yesterday by Representative Ragdale. It speaks of "lambs" being turned over to the "harts of political wolves," and Chairman Lloyd and other members resented it heartily.

Betterment of the Schools.

Mr. Fenning said the Commissioners have not shown in their argument that they can better the schools. Representative Johnson asked whether they could not better the schools on the score of the statement by Representative Ragdale, that any attempt to get the resolutions from the Citizens' Association before the board would meet with failure. This is the resolution brought to the platform yesterday by Representative Ragdale. It speaks of "lambs" being turned over to the "harts of political wolves," and Chairman Lloyd and other members resented it heartily.

Mr. Harr's Remarks Lead to a Spirited Tiff With Representative Johnson

The peppy scene between Representative Johnson and Mr. Harr arose out of the remark Mr. Harr made about the centralization plan being the outgrowth of a conference between the Commissioners and the President. He followed this up with the general argument that the Commissioners are not qualified to judge the sentiment of the people on education matters, because they had not been in touch with it.

"They entered on their duties unimpressed by the standpoint of the District residents," said Mr. Harr. "They are a fine lot of fine motives, but with preconceived ideas of municipal government."

"Fiecclement Recommendations."

"I think the Commissioners should have had an acquaintance with the residents here before advancing a plan not demanded by the people. They have come forward with piecemeal recommendations, and have omitted some of the most important features of the school administration. They did not thoroughly study the present school system, and do not know what it means."

"You mention the President," said Representative Johnson, "in connection with the school system. Do you believe that the President is not qualified on matters of education?"

"I resent the inference," said Mr. Harr, "and then he and Representative Johnson had a heated argument. Representative Johnson insisted that he make answer, and Mr. Harr refused to answer. Then Representative Johnson insisted that all of Mr. Harr's remarks be stricken from the record, and Chairman Lloyd stepped in."

Regrets "This Little Matter."

"I regret this little matter," he said, "and I think that Mr. Harr and Mr. Johnson misunderstood one another. He said that all that would be necessary would be for Mr. Harr to say that he did not include the President. Mr. Harr then said he had uttered no such words, and Mr. Johnson asked if he had not uttered just that sentiment. Mr. Harr made a statement that he had every respect for President Wilson. I would you respect President Taft's opinion on matters of education?"

"As much as I respect him, I could not take his opinion on matters on which he had made no study."

"You wouldn't take any one's opinion unless it coincided with your own?"

"I do not believe in inexpert turning over of any government."

this portion of the testimony with interest. He arose to speak.

"I never made any such statement as has been attributed to me," he said, "and it is a pity that the press it was without my knowledge."

Then Representative Focht touched the point.

"But have you had pressure brought upon you from Congress for appointments?"

"Does the committee want me to go into that?" asked Mr. Newman.

"Oh, if it is good and entirely done, suggested Chairman Lloyd, of course every one knows that democrats in Congress are anxious to get jobs through the Commissioners."

"Not all of them," responded Representative Johnson.

Mr. Harr Resumes Argument.

"Then they are derelict," said Representative Focht with a smile, and this embarrassing subject was left, and Mr. Harr proceeded with his argument again. He said he had studied the school matter carefully, had talked with the Commissioners, President Johnson, and had come to the conclusion that the district has as fine a school system as is possible, "and on the other hand, the Commissioners present a worse school system."

"Now if the Commissioners believe they are better qualified to make such requests, why would you not?"

"Oh, yes. But they say there is no law. They are not, and that is an imaginary one."

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Woodward & Lothrop

New York—WASHINGTON—Paris.

Friday—An Important Remnant Day of Real Savings.

Remnant Day is not only a day of reductions on Remnants—the small lots, odd sizes, one-of-a-kind things, soiled and mused or slightly damaged articles, but also a day when special prices and reductions are in force on quantity lots of merchandise. It is an advantageous opportunity and every one of economical inclinations should patronize it.

Local Mail or Phone Orders cannot be accepted, nor can any purchases be sent C. O. D. or on approval, as we consider the sale of Remnants final and not returnable for exchange or credit—every Remnant is sold with that understanding.

Men's Clothing Dept.

7 Overcoats, plain black and light weight, with silk yoke and sleeve lining; 52-inch length and sizes 33, 35, 36 and 38; \$19.75 each. Were \$25.00.

2 Fine Covert Cloth Overcoats, spring weight and dark gray color, with velvet collar; body fitting, silk yoke and sleeve lining; sizes 38 and 42; \$23.75 each. Were \$35.00.

15 Heavy-weight Overcoats for dress and business wear—oxford grays, fancy grays, plain blues, browns and black; self, convertible and velvet collars, with buttoned through or fly fronts. There are models, sizes 36, 38, 40 and 42; \$23.75 each. Were \$30.00 and \$35.00.

3 Suits, Fine Cassimere materials, in bright novelty overblends; desirable model with patch pockets, silk sleeve lining and English cut trousers; sizes 36 and 38; \$19.75 each. Were \$30.00 and \$35.00.

18 Men's and Young Men's Suits, in neat fancy patterns of grays, browns and blue colors; sizes 34, 36, 37 and 40; \$14.75 each. Were \$18.00, \$20.00 and \$25.00.

Main floor, Tenth street.

Men's Furnishings Dept.

2 Men's All-wool Lounging Robes, in the smart Balmain pattern; comfortable and serviceable; small and large sizes; \$7.50 each. Were \$10.00.

2 Handsome Navy Blue Velvet House coats, with fastenings with silk frogs; sizes 40 and 42; \$10.00 each. Were \$15.00.

2 Men's Extra Fine Broadcloth House coats; navy blue, with black and white check lining; size 42; maroon with striped lining; size 40; \$10.00 each. Were \$15.00.

2 pairs Men's Tan Leather Puttees, suitable for general outdoor wear, for chauffeurs and horseback riders; medium size, \$2.00 pair. Were \$2.50.

24 Men's Fancy Colored Silk Four-in-Hand Ties, good patterns and open-end shape; 50c each, for \$1.00. Were 50c.

Main floor, F street.

Boys' Department.

14 Boys' Knickerbocker Suits, in sizes 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. There are brown, grays, tans and blue mixtures, and some have two pairs of trousers. \$32.25 each. Were \$50.00 and \$60.00.

6 Boys' Overcoats in 9, 11, 14, 15 and 16 year sizes. Also 7 Juvenile Boys' overcoats, in sizes 4, 5, 6 and 8. Very desirable fabrics and patterns made in this year's models. \$25.00 each. Were \$50.00.

7 dozen Boys' Blouses, attached and separate collars; very fine fabrics and handsome patterns; the colors are fast; regular \$3.50 each. Were \$5.00 and \$6.50.

A small lot of Junior Boys' Sailor and Russian Suits, in sizes 5, 4, 5, 6 and 8; splendid qualities. \$25.00 each. Were \$50.00 and \$65.00.

A small lot of Hats for small boys, sizes 2 to 8 years. 50c each. Were up to \$2.00.

Third floor, Eleventh street.

Our First Friday Sale of Valenciennes Laces of the Year.

To inaugurate our sales of Valenciennes Laces we have secured a large collection of Round Mesh Valenciennes Laces in matched and odd patterns, ranging from 34 to 2 1/2 inches, now so much in demand for the trimming of women's and children's frocks and lingerie of all descriptions. These laces are well made and the patterns are choice.

Specially priced at 70c piece.

Main floor, F street.

Friday Clearance of Beautiful Velvet Bags.

Handsome Bags in very distinctive shapes, lovely for wear with the late winter costumes—and very low priced.

1 Velvet Bag, with amber clasp; \$10.00. Was \$15.00.

2 Velvet Bags, one black and two blue; \$8.00 each. Were \$12.00.

1 Brown Mocha Bag, trimmed with fur; \$16.50. Was \$25.00.

1 Green Velvet Bag, \$16.50. Was \$25.00.

1 Black Velvet Bag, with amber clasp and bird on side; \$16.50. Was \$25.00.

1 Black Velvet Bag, with top in cut steel design; \$12.50. Was \$22.50.

1 Black Velvet Bag, with design in cut steel at top; \$16.50. Was \$25.00.

1 White Velvet Bag, with all-over design of cut steel beads; \$25.00. Was \$45.00.

1 Velvet Bag, one blue and one green; \$8.00 each. Were \$14.00.

Main floor, Eleventh street.

Umbrella Department.

11 Women's 26-inch Black Silk Umbrellas, with sterling silver trimmed handles of carved or milled design; \$10.00 each. Were \$15.00.

9 Men's Black Silk Umbrellas, with natural and milled wood handles, sterling silver trim; \$12.50 each. Were \$18.00.

Main floor, G street entrance.

Friday Clearance of Women's House Dresses at 68c.

These are House Dresses of good, serviceable materials and substantial colors—percales and ginghams, in stripes and checks; sizes 34 and 36 only.

Clearance price, 68c each.

Were \$1.50.

Third floor, G street.

Friday Clearance of 25 Women's Suits, \$14.75 each. Were up to \$25

All women are agreed that our Suits have never been surpassed for style, quality and value. The value is especially striking now during our reduction sale.

For tomorrow we have taken 25 Wool Poplin, Gabardine and Whipcord Suits and marked them very low; chain and fur trimmed styles. The colors include bottle green, African brown, navy blue and black. Sizes range from 34 small to 42.

\$14.75 Each. Values Up to \$25.

Third floor, G street.

Women's Dress Department.

7 Dresses, in silk and velvet combinations; navy blue and black; sizes 36, 38 and 40; \$10.00 each. Were \$15.00 to \$20.00.

2 Black Wool Poplin Dresses, sizes 36 and 42; \$10.00 each. Were \$15.00.

2 Velvet and Chamois A-Line Dresses, navy blue and white; sizes 36 and 38; \$10.00 each. Were \$15.00.

A small lot of Messaline Silk Slips, sizes 36 and 40; \$1.50 each. Were \$2.00.

Third floor, G street.

Fur Department.

All Furs are now reduced for clearance. We quote a few of the prices. Handsome new selections of the highest grade.

2 Caracul Coats, full models; \$85.00 each. Were \$100.00.

3 Black Russian Pony Coats, \$25.00 to \$35.00 each. Were \$29.50 to \$40.00.